

Application of adaptive neuro-fuzzy system in prediction of nanoscale and grain size effects on formability

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Abstract. Grain size in sheet metals is one of the main parameters in determining formability. Grain size control in industry requires delicate process control and equipment. In the present study, effects of grain size on the formability of steel sheets are investigated. Experimental investigation of effect of grain size is a cumbersome method which due to existence of many other effective parameters are not conclusive in some cases. On the other hand, since the average grain size of a crystalline material is a statistical parameter, using traditional methods are not sufficient to find the optimum grain size to maximize formability. Therefore, design of experiment (DoE) and artificial intelligence (AI) methods are coupled together in this study to find the optimum conditions for formability in terms of grain size and to predict forming limits of sheet metals under bi-stretch loading conditions. In this regard, a set of experiment is conducted to provide initial data for training and testing DoE and AI. Afterwards, the using response surface method (RSM) optimum grain size is calculated. Moreover, trained neural network is used to predict formability in the calculated optimum condition and the results compared to the experimental results. The findings of the present study show that DoE and AI could be a great aid in the design, determination and prediction of optimum grain size for maximizing sheet formability.

Keywords: artificial intelligence (AI); design of experiment (DoE); formability; forming limits diagram (FLD); grain size

1. Introduction

Formability of sheet metals have been a subject of interest for a long time. However, a complete understanding of formability assessment is still under investigation (Luo *et al.* 2022a, Luo *et al.* 2022b, Zhao *et al.* 2022a). This issue is partly originated from presence of numerous parameters affecting formability and partly come from emerge of new alloys and metallic materials (Xu *et al.* 2022, Wang *et al.* 2022b, Wu *et al.* 2022). There exist several experimental and theoretical methods to evaluate forming limit diagrams (FLDs) of sheet metals. On the other hand, presentation of formability is also a main concern in the industry. Although sheet production and sheet customers are using strain based FLDs, studies showed that stress based FLDs have some undeniable merits in comparison to strain based diagrams (Zhang *et al.* 2020, Zhu and Zhao 2022, Zuo and Lin 2022). All of these categories of concerns make formability prediction a current issue in the material and mechanical science (Liu *et al.* 2021c, Gong *et al.* 2022, Jiang *et al.* 2022).

Factors affecting the strain based FLD are categorized in three kinds (Adamian *et al.* 2020, Al-Furjan *et al.* 2020a, b, Li *et al.* 2020b, Liu *et al.* 2020b, 2021b, Zare *et al.* 2020,

Dai *et al.* 2021c, Habibi *et al.* 2021, He *et al.* 2021, Huang *et al.* 2021, Zhang *et al.* 2021). First category includes microstructural based factors similar to grain orientation (Noell *et al.* 2017, Park and Shin 2017, Abdolvand *et al.* 2018, Amelirad and Assempour 2019, 2021, Shang *et al.* 2019, Zhu *et al.* 2019, Azghandi *et al.* 2020, Feather *et al.* 2020, Habibi *et al.* 2021), grain size distribution (Amelirad and Assempour 2019), and existence of second phase in the alloy (Lande and Mitzner 2006, Querin *et al.* 2007, Zhang and Wang 2012, Fazaehi *et al.* 2016, Mirsalehi *et al.* 2017). Second parameters are related to stress-strain behavior of the sheet metal like elastic and plastic behavior (Zadpoor *et al.* 2008, 2009, Dilmec *et al.* 2013, Habibi *et al.* 2021), necking shape and rate-dependency of metal. Third category related to the forming condition including temperature and friction coefficient (Casari *et al.* 2006, Naik *et al.* 2010, Zhang *et al.* 2017). All these parameters were investigated individually or combined with few other parameters in literature. However, a comprehensive survey could not be found and in some it is barely possible to consider all of the known and unknown parameters. Therefore, different *in silico* approaches in determining FLDs have not been satisfactorily successful until now. Shang *et al.* (2019) studied the effects of grain size on the void nucleation in metallic samples. They used both experimental and crystal plasticity method to observe the distribution and coalescence of the voids in sample with different grain sizes. It was shown that the behavior of void

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nucleation, growth and coalescence was significantly altered by grain size. Park and Shin (2017) improved the formability of AZ31 alloy via controlling grain size. They showed that increasing grain size in this alloy change the active twinning system under tensile loading which in turn resulted in higher n -value in power law and lower r -values in the AZ31 alloys. Amelirad and Assempour (2019) utilized crystal plasticity and experimental methods to show the effect of grain size on the formability of 316L stainless steel sheets. It was shown that increasing grain size results in decreasing formability of this alloy sheets. Moreover, they showed that using crystal plasticity simulation acceptable results were obtained for left hand side of the FLD. In this article, the texture is taken to be random. Janssen *et al.* (2006) investigated the effect of grain size on the flow stress in thin pure aluminum sheets. They found that in the thin Al sheets, the well-known Hall-Petch equation could not be applied. On another study, effect of single grain geometry and orientations on the damage initiation in thin sheet metals were investigated by Amelirad and Assempour (2021). They claimed that neighboring grains' orientations with respect to each other considerably affect the sites of damage initiation. The simulation of metal forming processes includes a wide range of methods (Igali *et al.* 2020, Vakondios and Kyratsis 2020). On the other hand, different numerical methods has been adopted in investigation of different behavior of sheets (Safaei *et al.* 2019, Bouafia *et al.* 2021, Dai *et al.* 2021b)

Applications of artificial intelligence and machine learning in the field of engineering sciences are rapidly growing (Casañola-Martin and Pham-The 2019, Akroum *et al.* 2020, Boughaba and Bouabaz 2020, Igali *et al.* 2020, Singh *et al.* 2020a, b, Thinakaran *et al.* 2020, Vakondios and Kyratsis 2020, Arora *et al.* 2021, Mazloom and Mirzamohammadi 2021, Babaei *et al.* 2022, Hou *et al.* 2022, Kesornsit and Sirisathitkul 2022, Moradi *et al.* 2022, Zhou *et al.* 2022). These methods has been applied in different subjects from chemical substances synthesis to prediction of vibration in nano-systems. The flexibility of artificial neural networks (ANN) in training and capability to provide accurate predictions make them widespread in modeling and prediction of different problems. Moradi *et al.* (2022) utilized machine learning method to observe the effects parameters on synthesis of nano-silica particles. They used experimental data on the effects of several parameters on the size of produces nanoparticles. Moreover, DoE method was utilized to obtain optimum condition in synthesis a specific size range of particles. It was concluded that machine learning model could provide satisfying accurate results in prediction of nano-silica particles based on the given input parameters. Neural network was also utilized in prediction of forming limits of sheet metals. Elangovan *et al.* (2010) employed ANN to predict FLD of pure aluminum sheet considering effects of geometrical parameters. They used experimental data to train the ANN and further utilized this ANN to predict effects of different geometrical parameters on the FLD. Derogar and Djavanroodi (2011) considered effects of oil pressure, limit draw ratio and punch stroke on the forming limit strains using neural network method. Kotkunde *et al.* (2014) also considered effects of different parameters including punch

speed, blank holder pressure and temperature on the titanium alloy sheets employing ANN. They demonstrated that predictions made by ANN were in desirable agreement with experimental results.

Owing to extraordinary costs in some parametric experimental studies, design of experiments (Fisher 1936) is vitally important to get to the point of the required results. Consequently, prior to do the experimental works, it is necessary to list the dependent and independent variables and their limits in the scope of the study. Afterwards, a set of minimum required experiments to get insight of the behavior and effects of different variable should be conducted. Even extra experiments should have performed wisely to extract maximum outcome from them. The behavior of the outcome of the study, for example FLD, is determined using polynomial fitting. In most cases quadratic polynomials are sufficient to have a conclusive results. Advantages of modeling a process behavior using polynomial is the ease of optimization in such processes. Using methods similar to response surface method (RSM) the optimum conditions could be obtained for a specific output value. Iadicola and Banerjee (2019) proposed a DoE method for investigation of forming limit strains in digital image correlation (DIC) measurements. Kumar *et al.* (2020) used DoE to plan experimental setup for the aim of increasing formability of Inconel 718 in incremental forming procedure.

In the present study, effects of grain size on the formability of steel sheets is investigated. Experimental investigation of effect of grain size is a cumbersome method which due to existence of many other effective parameters are not conclusive in some cases. On the other hand, since the average grain size of a crystalline material is a statistical parameter, using traditional methods are not sufficient for find the optimum grain size to maximize formability. Therefore, design of experiment (DoE) and artificial intelligence (AI) methods are coupled together in this study to find the optimum conditions for formability in terms of grain size and to predict forming limits of sheet metals under bi-stretch loading conditions. In this regard, a set of experiment is conducted to provide initial data for training and testing DoE and AI. Afterwards, the using response surface method (RSM) optimum grain size is calculated. Moreover, trained neural network is used to predict formability in the calculated optimum condition and the results compared to the experimental results.

2. Experimental setup

2.1 Grain size measurement

The sheet metal in the current study is AISI 1008 sheets with 1mm, 1.25mm and 1.5mm thickness (Ban *et al.* 2022, Li *et al.* 2022, Lu *et al.* 2022). The different average grain sizes (AGSs) are considered in this manuscript from 12 μ m to 60 μ m as shown in Fig. 1. These grain sizes are obtained by cold rolling a raw sheet to different thicknesses followed by spheroidizing heat treatment. When the cold rolling amount is higher the recrystallization results in finer AGS (Wang *et al.* 2017, Yang *et al.* 2020, Liang *et al.* 2021,

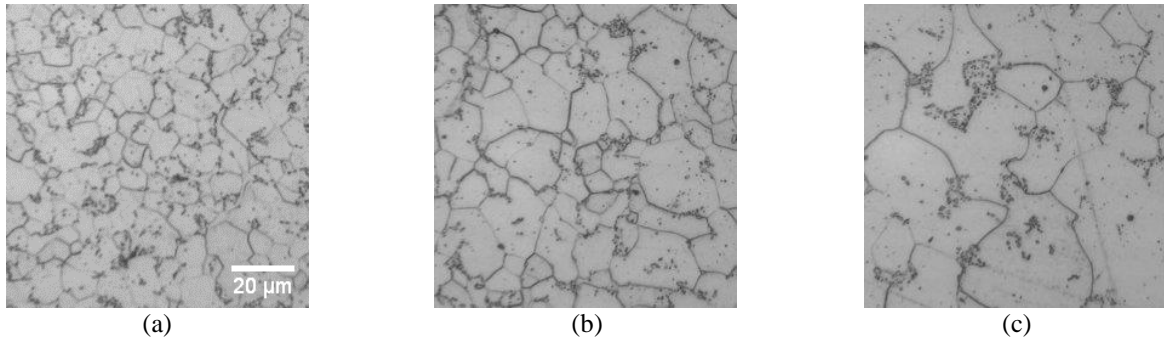


Fig. 1 Different microstructure of AISI 1008 (a) AGS = 12µm, (b) AGS = 25µm and (c) AGS = 60µm. Magnification 200x, Nital 2%

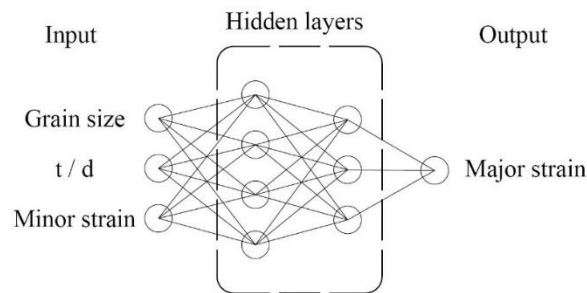


Fig. 2 Designed neural network for determining forming major strain limit.

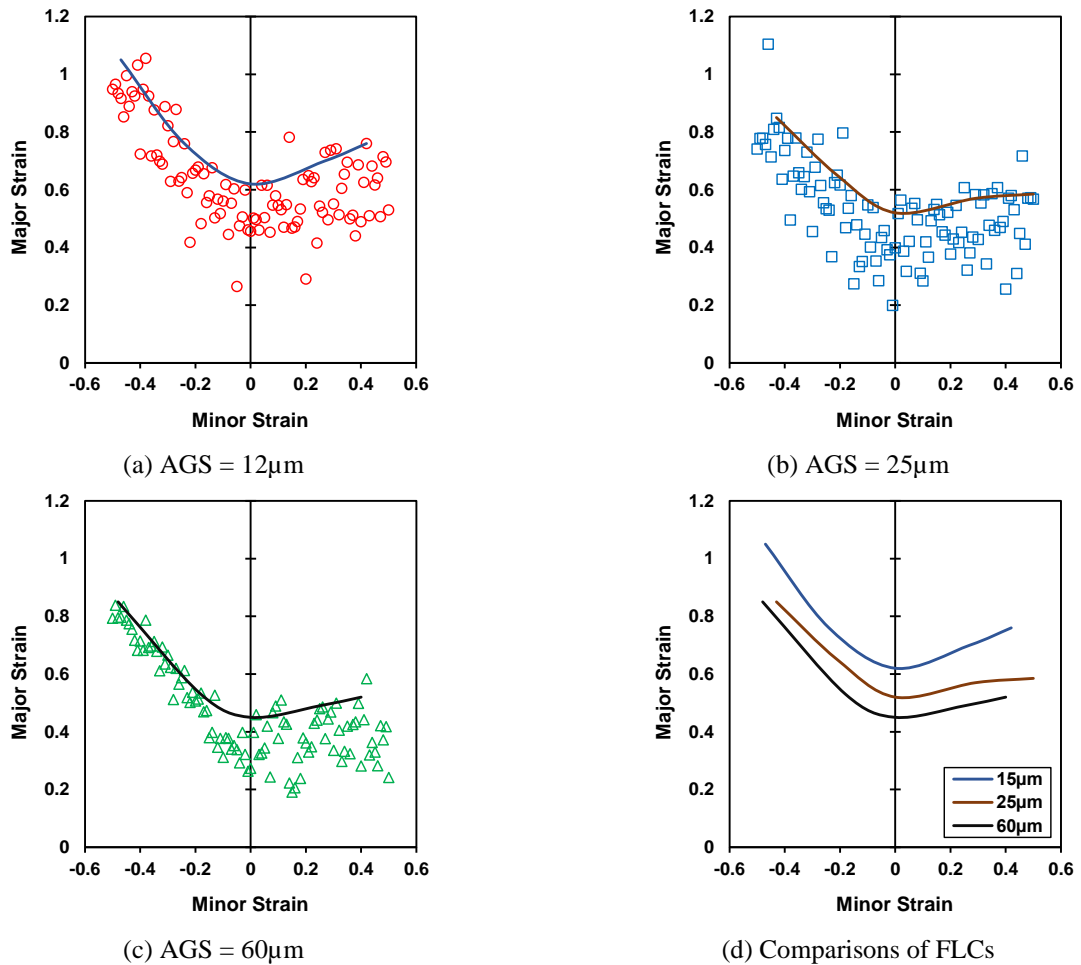


Fig. 3 Differences between values calculated by RSM and experimental results for AuNPs size

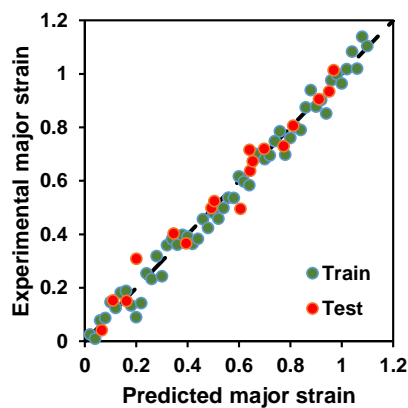


Fig. 4 Predicted and experimental major strain by ANN and hemisphere punch test, respectively

Zhao *et al.* 2022b). The metallography procedure were conducted according to ASTM E7.

2.2 Forming limit curves

Forming limit determination is conducted using hemisphere punch test. The details of such tests could be acquired in different references (Habibi *et al.* 2016, 2018a, b, 2019b, d, e, Ebrahimi *et al.* 2019a, Esmailpoor Hajilak *et al.* 2019, Pourjabari *et al.* 2019, Safarpour *et al.* 2019a, Zhu *et al.* 2022). The punch radius is 25mm and the boundary of punch and sheet was lubricated to reduce the effect of friction. On the other hand, the speed of the punch was kept at 3mm/sec. After the appearance of first signs of necking, the experiments was stopped. Principal in-plane strains were measured by Myler strip using the regular pre-etched net on the outer surface of the sheet metal.

2.3 Design of Experiments (DoE)

The effective parameters in this study is considered to be grain size and sheet thickness. Moreover to simplify the neural network minor strain is also regarded as an input parameter (Habibi *et al.* 2017, 2019a, c, b, Alipour *et al.* 2020, Ebrahimi *et al.* 2020a, Ghazanfari *et al.* 2020, Safarpour *et al.* 2018, 2020, Chen *et al.* 2022). Based on this, having the minimum and maximum values of each parameters, at least 12 set of FLD test should be performed to obtain the sufficient data for analysis (Liu *et al.* 2020a, Wang *et al.* 2020, Zhou *et al.* 2020, Dai *et al.* 2021a, Guo *et al.* 2021a, Shao *et al.* 2021, Wu and Habibi 2021, Kong *et al.* 2022).

2.4 Artificial neural network (ANN)

The schematic representation of ANN designed for the present study is demonstrated in Fig. 2. As seen in this Fig., the ANN includes three different layers including input, hidden and output layers (Hashemi *et al.* 2019, Al-Furjan *et al.* 2020c, d, e, f, Bai *et al.* 2020, Cheshmeh *et al.* 2020, Li *et al.* 2020a, Lori *et al.* 2020, Najaafi *et al.* 2020, Shariati *et al.* 2020c, Xiong *et al.* 2020, Guo *et al.* 2021b, Liu *et al.*

2021a). The data of the input and output layer for train and test the network are provided by experimental results (Shariati *et al.* 2012, 2016a, b, 2019, 2020d, e, f, g, h, i, j, 2021a, b, Fan *et al.* 2022, Luo *et al.* 2022c, Wang *et al.* 2022a, Xia *et al.* 2022). This type of network utilized back propagation algorithm to train the network. Training the network with 80 epochs (iterations) results in <0.1% error of the predicted major strain (Ebrahimi *et al.* 2019b, c, Hashemi *et al.* 2019, Moayedi *et al.* 2019, 2020a, b, Mohammadgholiha *et al.* 2019, Mohammadi *et al.* 2019, Ebrahimi *et al.* 2020b, Habibi *et al.* 2020, Oyarhossein *et al.* 2020, Shariati *et al.* 2020a, b, Shokrgozar *et al.* 2020).

3. Results

The experimental results of the forming limit test is presented in Fig. 3 for 1mm thickness sheet. The curves are constructed on the upper bound of the safe point which are depicted alongside with the FLCs in Fig. 3a, b, and c. In Fig. 3d, the FLCs are compared with each other. As seen, increasing the grain size from 15 to 60 μ m cause a significant reduction in formability of AISI 1008 sheets. The values of FLD₀ for 15 μ m, 25 μ m and 60 μ m grain sizes are 0.62, 0.52 and 0.45 respectively. Therefore, it can be deduced that smaller average grain sized are in favor of formability. However, production of small grain size requires additional cold work on the sheet metal to produce smaller grain sizes during recrystallization. On some cases, this high values of forming limit strains are not needed and larger grain sizes near 25 μ m might be adequate for some applications. Thus, dependent on the application different grain sizes could be employed.

The results of the ANN prediction are presented in Fig. 4. The correlations between train data is $R^2 = 0.9923$ and for test data is $R^2 = 0.9854$ which is highly acceptable in such problems. This high values of the correlations factors indicate that (1) the forming limit major strain is well-behaved function of grain size and thickness of the sheet and (2) the designed ANN is a reliable model which can be further employed in similar alloys and conditions for different grain sizes and thicknesses close to 1mm to 1.5mm.

4. Conclusions

In the present study, effects of grain size on the formability of steel sheets was investigated. Experimental investigation of effect of grain size was a cumbersome method which due to existence of many other effective parameters were not conclusive in some cases. On the other hand, since the average grain size of a crystalline material is a statistical parameter, using traditional methods are not sufficient for find the optimum grain size to maximize formability. Therefore, design of experiment (DoE) and artificial intelligence (AI) methods were coupled together in this study to find the optimum conditions for formability in terms of grain size and to predict forming limits of sheet metals under bi-stretch loading conditions. In this regard, a set of experiment was conducted to provide initial data for

training and testing DoE and AI. Afterwards, the using response surface method (RSM) optimum grain size was calculated. Moreover, trained neural network was used to predict formability in the calculated optimum condition and the results compared to the experimental results.

- Increasing the grain size from 15 to 60 μ m cause a significant reduction in formability of AISI 1008 sheets.

- Production of small grain size requires additional cold work on the sheet metal to produce smaller grain sizes during recrystallization.

- The forming limit major strain is well-behaved function of grain size and thickness of the sheet.

- The designed ANN is a reliable model which can be further employed in similar alloys and conditions for different grain sizes and thicknesses close to 1mm to 1.5mm.

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